



**FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION**  
**COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION-2019**  
**FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BS-17**  
**UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT**

Roll Number

**EUROPEAN HISTORY**

<b>TIME ALLOWED: THREE HOURS</b> <b>PART-I(MCQS): MAXIMUM 30 MINUTES</b>	<b>PART-I (MCQS)</b> <b>PART-II</b>	<b>MAXIMUM MARKS = 20</b> <b>MAXIMUM MARKS = 80</b>
<b>NOTE: (i) Part-II is to be attempted on the separate Answer Book.</b> <b>(ii) Attempt ONLY FOUR questions from PART-II. ALL questions carry EQUAL marks.</b> <b>(iii) All the parts (if any) of each Question must be attempted at one place instead of at different places.</b> <b>(iv) Write Q. No. in the Answer Book in accordance with Q. No. in the Q.Paper.</b> <b>(v) No Page/Space be left blank between the answers. All the blank pages of Answer Book must be crossed.</b> <b>(vi) Extra attempt of any question or any part of the question will not be considered.</b>		

**PART – II**

- Q. No. 2.** Why did the post French Revolution phase has been marked by the rational and effective governments in Europe? (20)
- Q. No. 3.** How did the peace settlement of 1814-15 restored effective balance of power and paved the way to a European peace. (20)
- Q. No. 4.** What social movements led to the political consolidation of various states of the Italian peninsula that unified a single nation of Italy? (20)
- Q. No. 5.** Write an account of Bismarck's diplomacy for Germany that made her a leading European State. (20)
- Q. No. 6.** Why did Europe become a continent of dictatorships after the First World War? (20)
- Q. No. 7.** What was the impact of German reunification on Eastern Europe and the USSR? (20)
- Q. No. 8.** Why did the concept of supranational European institutions emerged in the aftermath of WW II? (20)

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