

FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION - 2017 FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BS-17 UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

Roll Number

MUSLIM LAW & JURISPRUDENCE

TIME ALLOWED: THREE HOURS PART-I(MCQS): MAXIMUM 30 MINUTES		PART-I (MCQS) PART-II	MAXIMUM MARKS = 20 MAXIMUM MARKS = 80	
NOTE: (i) (ii) (iii)	Part-II is to be attempted on the separate Answer Book. Attempt ONLY FOUR questions from PART-II. ALL questions carry EQUAL marks. All the parts (if any) of each Question must be attempted at one place instead of at different places.			
(v)	Candidate must write Q. No. in the Answer Book in accordance with Q. No. in the Q.Paper. No Page/Space be left blank between the answers. All the blank pages of Answer Book must be crossed.			
(vi)	vi) Extra attempt of any question or any part of the attempted question will not be considered. PART-II			
Q. No. 2.	Give your peer analysis about the approaches of Al-Ghazālī and Al-Shāṭibī on the doctrine of maqāṣid al-Sharī'ah. Explore the primary and secondary purposes of this doctrine and discuss whether maqāṣid al-Sharī'ah are definite in number as determined by the earlier jurists or they may be increased.			
Q. No. 3.	Muslim jurists classified offences on classification? What important consequents classification is changed?			(20)
Q. No. 4.	Define 'Aqd' according to Muslim jur- legal capacity of the parties to execute a	ists. Which are the circ a contract under Islamic	umstances that affect the Sharī'ah?	(20)
Q. No. 5.	Discuss critically the admissibility of inserting stipulations in a marriage contract by the parties. Your answer should be based on the debates of classical Muslim jurists and modern scholars. Your own opinion is also required.			(20)
Q. No. 6.	Imām Shāfi'ī studied deeply the principles of Ḥanafī school of law. He disagreed with some views of Ḥanafī jurists and established his own independent school. What were his differences with Ḥanafīs and what did he contribute in modification of Islamic law and jurisprudence?			(20)
Q. No. 7.	The four Sunni canonical schools hold that "there is no workable machinery for Ijmā' and for establishing their deliber give arguments for and against this opinion."	or the selection of quali- erations in an authorita	fied jurists to take part in	(20)
Q. No. 8.	Write notes on the following topics: (A) Analysis of the terminology Uṣūl (B) Status of mutawatir tradition (C) Ṭalāq rajʻī and its rules (D) Section 4 of Muslim Family Law (•	(5 marks each)	(20)
